

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

(1756-1791)

Requiem d-Moll

in der Bearbeitung von Heinrich Ritter von Spengel
für Solostimmen, Chor, Streicher und Orgel (1852)

mit dem lateinischen Originaltext und deutschem Text
von Christoph Daniel Ebeling (1741-1817)

herausgegeben von Johannes Schachtner

Violino I



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LMV 361-02 W.A. Mozart: Requiem
d-Moll KV 626, Ges&chStrOrg (Vi1)

Laurentius-Musikverlag

LMV 361-02

Violino 1

Requiem

für Soli, Chor, Streicher und Orgel

I. Introitus

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, KV 626
bearbeitet von Heinrich Ritter von Spengel
Herausgegeben von Johannes Schachtner

Adagio

Vln. II

7

11

15

18

22

26

29

32

35

p

f

p

f

p

f

p

f

38



41



45



Violino 1
II. Kyrie

Allegro

Vln. II

Violino 1

II. Kyrie

Allegro

Vln. II

Measures 4 to 39 are shown, featuring various musical notations including rests, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte).

Measures 4, 5, 9, 13, 16, 20, 24, 27, 31, 35, 39

III. Sequenz

1. Dies irae

Allegro assai

f

4

8 *tr.* *crescendo* *f*

11

14

17

20

23

26

29 *tr.*

32





3. Rex tremendae

Grave

3



5

Measure 5 of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The measure contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes, and a final quarter rest.

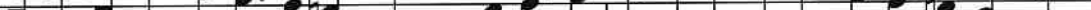
8



10



13



15



Musical notation for measure 15, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth notes.

17

Measure 17 of the musical score. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The measure starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The notation includes a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a final half note. There are also some rests and accidentals (sharps and flats) throughout the measure.

19

Measure 19: Treble clef, one flat key signature. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes beamed together. There are rests and a final quarter note.

21



4. Recordare

(Allegretto)

6

p

10

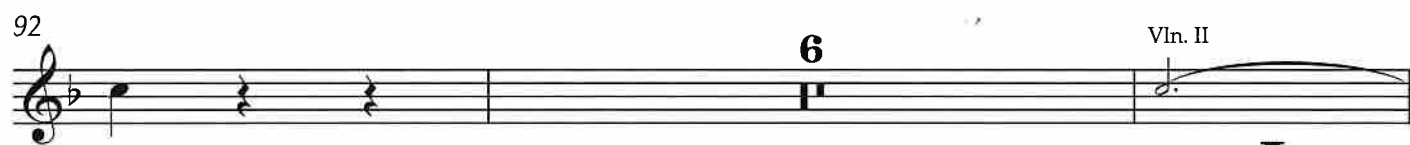
tr

15

3

Vln. II

The musical score is for Violino 1, page 11, titled "4. Recordare (Allegretto)". It is written in 3/4 time and B-flat major. The score consists of three staves. The first staff (Violino I) starts at measure 6, marked "p" (piano). The second staff continues the Violino I part, marked "tr" (trill) at measure 10. The third staff (Violino II) starts at measure 15, marked "3" (triple), and is labeled "Vln. II".



5. Confutatis

Andante

3 *f*

5 *p*

8 *f*

11

13

15 *p*

17

20

23 *p*

26

29



32



35



38



6. Lacrimosa

Andante moderato

p

4

7

cresc. *f* *p*

10

f

13

p

16

19

f

22

25

28

1. Domine Jesu

Andante con moto

IV. Offertorium

5 *p* *f* *p*

9 *f* *p*

14 *f* *p*

17 *f* *p* *f*

20 *f* *p* *f*

25

28

31 *p*

34

37

41

44

47

50

54

57

60

64

67

70

73

76

f

p

p

f

p

This musical score for Violino 1 spans measures 41 to 76. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The notation is written on a single staff in treble clef. The piece features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together, and frequent rests. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) at measure 43, *p* (piano) at measures 64, 67, 73, and 76. The score concludes with a double bar line at measure 76.

2. Hostias

Larghetto

Larghetto

5

10

14

19

26

30

35

42

49

55



V. Sanctus

Adagio



Allegro



VI. Benedictus

Andante

f *p* *tr*

5 *tr*

9

12

15

19 *ff* *f*

24

27 *rf* *p* *rf* *p*



Violino 1
VII. Agnus Dei

Andante maestoso

mf p mf p mf p

4 mf p mf p mf p

7 mf p ff

11 p assai 2 mf p

18 mf p mf p mf p

21 mf p mf p ff

24 p assai

30 f

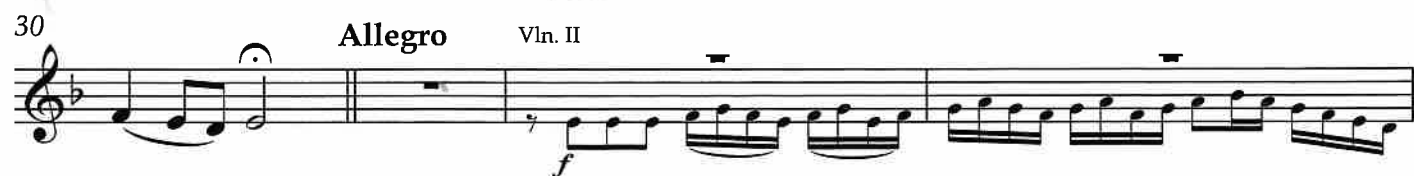
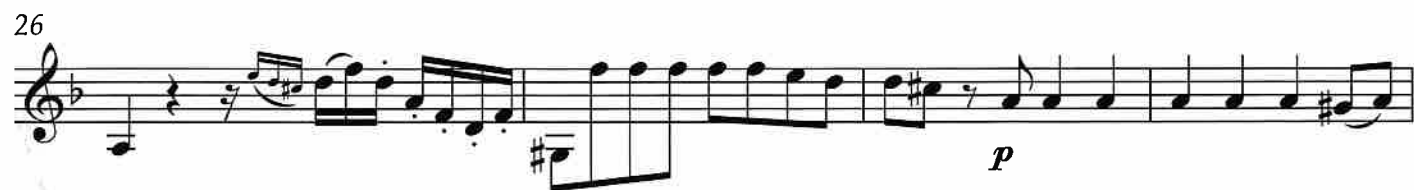
36

40 p assai

45 cresc. f

VIII. Communio

Adagio



34 *f*

39

43

46

51 *Vln. II*

55 *f*

59

64

68

71

75

78 *Adagio*
p